



联合国

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防治荒漠化公约

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缔约方会议
科学和技术委员会
第十七届会议
2026年8月17日至21日，蒙古乌兰巴托
议程项目4
科学与政策联系平台今后的运作

科学与政策联系平台 2027-2030 四年期工作方案

科学和技术委员会主席提交的决定草案

缔约方会议，

回顾第 20/COP.16 号和第 21/COP.16 号决定，

又回顾关于科学与政策联系平台今后运作的程序和技术支持的第 XX/COP.17 号决定，

赞赏地注意到科学与政策联系平台在实现 2027-2030 四年期工作方案的目标以及开展所列协调活动方面所做的工作，

审查了 ICCD/COP(17)/CST/5 号文件，

1. 暂予通过本决定附件所载科学与政策联系平台 2027-2030 四年期工作方案，但有待科学和技术委员会主席团在秘书处的协助下，根据关于科学与政策联系平台未来运作的程序和技术支持的第 XX/COP.17 号决定，对工作方案进行更新，并遵循以下优先事项：

(a) 科学与政策联系平台从科学角度引导《全球土地展望》第四版的工作，包括范围的界定；

(b) 科学与政策联系平台支持快速评估、信息产品和咨询意见的制定；

(c) 科学与政策联系平台与其他科学机构合作；

2. 邀请缔约方及技术和科学机构在自愿基础上提供数据、专长、知识和技术援助，为科学与政策联系平台这一四年期的活动提供支持；

3. 请秘书处在《公约》执行情况审评委员会第二十五届和第二十七届会议以及科学和技术委员会第十八届会议的议程中列入一个审议科学与政策指导优



先事项的项目，目的是使缔约方能够就科学与政策联系平台的工作提出反馈意见，特别注重为每份旗舰报告的内容作出贡献：

4. 又请执行秘书：

(a) 向科学和技术委员会第十九届会议提交关于《全球土地展望》第四版的综合报告；

(b) 又向科学和技术委员会第十八届和第十九届会议提交快速评估和信息产品清单，并酌情提供相关链接，包括酌情提供一套以政策为导向的简明建议；

(c) 还向科学和技术委员会第十八届和第十九届会议提交一份关于科学与政策联系平台协调活动的综合报告，酌情纳入一份从其他政府间科学机构在2027-2030 四年期进程中批准的评估报告中提取的与《联合国防治荒漠化公约》有关的关键信息概要。

附件

科学与政策联系平台 2027-2030 四年期工作方案

[English only]

Table 1
Objectives and deliverables of the Science-Policy Interface 2027–2030 work programme

<i>Objective/Deliverable</i>	<i>Activities</i>
1. Contribute to the fourth edition of the Global Land Outlook (GLO 4) following the procedures in decision XX/COP.17.	With respect to GLO 4, the Science-Policy Interface (SPI) will, inter alia: (a) Serve on its steering committee; (b) Contribute to its scoping; (c) Contribute to its authorship; (d) Ensure its quality assurance and scientific integrity; (e) Serve as its review editor; and (f) Contribute to its communications planning and promotion.
2. Produce fast-track assessments and information products following the procedures in decision XX/COP.17.	The SPI will respond to requests for fast-track assessments, information products and advice resulting from the work of the Bureaux of the Conference of the Parties, Committee on Science and Technology and Committee for the Review of the Implementation of the Convention as well as the secretariat and the Global Mechanism.

Table 2
Coordination activities of the Science-Policy Interface over the 2027–2028 biennium

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Sub-activities</i>
1. Cooperate with the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES) within the framework of its rolling work programme up to 2030 and in accordance with the procedures established in the memorandum of cooperation with the secretariat of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD).	The Science-Policy Interface (SPI) will follow up on developments relevant to the UNCCD regarding the IPBES rolling work programme up to 2030, including: (a) The methodological assessment of integrated biodiversity-inclusive spatial planning and ecological connectivity (spatial planning assessment); (b) The second global assessment of biodiversity and ecosystem services (second global biodiversity assessment). The SPI will contribute to the scientific review of these reports and will conduct an analysis of the key messages relevant to the UNCCD and present the results at the eighteenth session of the Committee on Science and Technology if these reports become available in time for the SPI to complete the analysis.
2. Cooperate with the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change within the framework of its agenda, particularly regarding its seventh assessment cycle (AR7).	The SPI will contribute to the scientific review of two AR7 contributions: (a) The contribution of Working Group II to the AR7 on Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability; and (b) The contribution of Working Group III to the AR7 on Mitigation of Climate Change.
3. Cooperate with the Intergovernmental Technical Panel on Soils (ITPS) within the framework of its work programme.	The SPI will cooperate with the ITPS on topics to be jointly agreed by the SPI and the ITPS.

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Sub-activities</i>
4. Cooperate with the International Resource Panel of the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP IRP) within the framework of its mission.	The SPI will cooperate with the UNEP IRP on topics to be jointly agreed by the SPI and the UNEP IRP, within the framework of its mission to provide independent, coherent and authoritative scientific assessments of policy relevance to the sustainable use of natural resources and, in particular, their environmental impacts over the full life cycle, and to contribute to a better understanding of how to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation.
5. Cooperate with the Global Land Indicators Initiative (GLII) of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme, which aims to achieve globally comparable monitoring of land governance by 2030.	The SPI will provide inputs to GLII and UNCCD efforts to ensure harmonization of land governance indicators and land degradation indicators, as relevant to both GLII and the UNCCD.
6. Cooperate with the Integrated Drought Management Programme (IDMP), a joint initiative of the World Meteorological Organization and the Global Water Partnership, on scientific issues related to drought.	The SPI will collaborate with the IDMP, on topics to be jointly agreed by the SPI and the IDMP, on efforts to support governments and other stakeholders at all levels with the implementation of integrated drought management by providing technical and management guidance and by sharing scientific knowledge and best practices.